CITY OF OSAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2007

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Table of Contents

		Page
Officials		1
Independent Auditors' Report		2-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4-9
Primary Government Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>	
Government-wide Financial Statement: Statement of Activities and Net Assets – Cash Basis Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Cook Peccipts, Dichyrographs, and	A	10-11
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	В	12-13
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances	С	14
Notes to Primary Government Financial Statements		15-23
Required Supplementary Information:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting		24-25 26
Other Supplementary Information:	Schedule	
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Schedule of Indebtedness Bond and Note Maturities Schedule of Receipts by Source and Disbursements by Function – All Governmental Funds	1 2 3	27-28 29-30 31
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial		22 2 <i>4</i>
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Schedule of Findings		33-34
SCHOOLING OF HIDGIDGE		4 - 4 - 4 - 4

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Officials

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^{*}Joel Voaklander resigned 12-31-06, Boehmer appointed 1-2-07 +Kelvin Palsic resigned 1-3-07, Bodensteiner appointed 1-15-07

LINES MURPHY & COMPANY, P.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants
625 Main St.
Osage, IA 50461-1307

Ph. 641-732-5841 Fax 641-732-5193

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying primary government financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Osage, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's primary government financial statements listed in the table of contents. These primary government financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Osage's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these primary government financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards and provisions require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the primary government financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the primary government financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall primary government financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, these primary government financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

A primary government is a legal entity or body politic and includes all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate. Legally separate entities are referred to as component units. In our opinion, the primary government financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Osage as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

However, the primary government financial statements, because they do not include the financial data of component units of the City of Osage, do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the results of the cash transactions of the funds of the City of Osage as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, and its indebtedness at June 30, 2007, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2007 on our consideration of the City of Osage's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 9 and 24 through 26 are not required parts of the primary government financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We applied limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Osage's primary government financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the primary government financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2006 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those primary government financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the primary government financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the primary government financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the primary government financial statements taken as a whole.

Lines Murphy & Company, P. L. C.

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Certified Public Accountants

Osage, Iowa

December 10, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Osage provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its primary government financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's primary government financial statements, which follow.

2007 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Revenues of the City's governmental activities increased 12.9%, or approximately \$321,000, from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007.
- Disbursements increased 2.4%, or approximately \$62,000, in fiscal 2007 from fiscal 2006.
- The City's total cash basis net assets increased 10.6%, or approximately \$400,000, from June 30, 2006 to June 30, 2007. Of this amount, the assets of the governmental activities increased approximately \$145,000 and the assets of the business type activities increased by approximately \$255,000.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of primary government financial statements and other information as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the primary government financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statement consists of a Statement of Activities and Net Assets. This statement provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and presents an overall view of the City's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statement by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to primary government financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the primary government financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the primary government financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the primary government financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the primary government financial statements do not present financial position and

results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

REPORTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statement

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Activities and Net Assets reports information which helps answer this question.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities include public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service and capital projects. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business Type Activities include the waterworks, the sanitary sewer system and solid waste collections. These activities are financed primarily by user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The City has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Road Use Tax and Tax Increment Financing, 3) the Debt Service Fund, 4) the Capital Projects Fund, 5) the Permanent Funds, and 6) the 2006 Street Project. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required primary government financial statements for governmental funds include a statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balances.

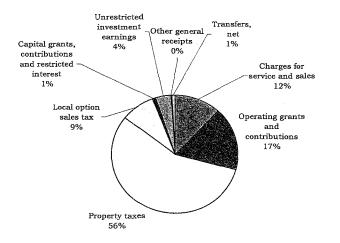
2) Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business type activities. The City maintains four Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the water, sewer, solid waste, and the utility project funds, considered to be major funds of the City.

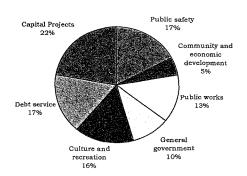
The required primary government financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balances.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The City's cash balance for governmental activities increased from a year ago, increasing from \$2.486 million to \$2.631 million. The analysis that follows focuses on the cash balances for governmental activities.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of Governmenta	al Activities						
(Expressed in Thousands)							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ded June 30,				
		2007		2006			
Receipts and transfers:							
Program receipts:							
Charges for service	\$	290	. \$	302			
Operating grants, contributions and restricted interest	ψ	389	. ф	425			
Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest		258		24			
General receipts:		200		. 24			
Property tax		1,491		1,410			
Local option sales tax		251		218			
Grants and contributions not restricted		231		210			
to specific purposes		114		- 04			
Unrestricted investment earnings		114		94			
Other general receipts Transfers, net		10		9			
	<u></u>	15	<u></u>	19			
Total receipts and transfers	\$	2,818	<u>\$</u>	2,501			
Disbursements:							
Public safety	\$	440	\$	451			
Public works		400		352			
Culture and recreation		422		413			
Community and economic development		368		126			
General government		218		257			
Debt service		540		431			
Capital projects		285		581			
Total disbursements	\$	2,673	\$	2,611			
Increase (decrease) in cash basis net assets	\$	145	\$	(110)			
Cash basis net assets beginning of year	•	2,486		2,596			
Cash basis net assets end of year	\$	2,631	\$	2,486			





The City's total receipts for governmental activities increased by 12.9%, or \$321,000. The significant increase in receipts was primarily the result of assessments for the 2006 Street Project in 2007.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$2.673 million compared to \$2.611 million last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities and Net Assets on pages 10-11, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was only \$1.994 million because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$290,000) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants, contributions and restricted interest (\$389,000).

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of Business Typ (Expressed in Thousands)	e Activiti							
	Year ended June 30,							
		2007		2006				
Receipts:								
Program receipts:								
Charges for service:								
Water	\$	359	\$	352				
Sewer		524		518				
Solid waste		162		162				
Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest		21		14				
General receipts:	,							
Unrestricted interest on investments		42		30				
Total receipts	\$	1,108	\$	1,076				
Disbursements and transfers:								
Water	\$	234	\$	261				
Sewer		448		431				
Solid waste		156		165				
Utility project		-		273				
Transfers, net		15		19				
Total disbursements and transfers	\$	853	\$	1,149				
Increase (Decrease) in cash basis net assets	\$	255	\$	(73)				
Cash basis net assets beginning of year		1,282		1,355				
Cash basis net assets end of year	\$	1,537	\$	1,282				

Total business type activities receipts for the fiscal year were \$1.108 million compared to \$1.076 million last year. The cash balance increased by approximately \$255,000 from the prior year. Total disbursements and transfers for the fiscal year decreased by 25.8% to a total of \$853,000.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS

As the City of Osage completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,631,714, an increase of \$145,372 above last year's total of \$2,486,342. The following are the major reasons for the changes in fund balances of the major funds from the prior year.

- The 2006 Street Project Fund was established in 2006 to account for a major street project within the City. At the end of the fiscal year 2006, the cash balance was \$(258,909). The negative balance was the result of expenditures before assessments were collected. Assessments were collected in 2007, which restored 2006's deficit balance.
- The Tax Increment Financing Fund was established in a previous fiscal year to account for major urban renewal projects within the City's business and industrial districts. At the end of the fiscal year, the cash balance was \$384,632, a decrease of \$222,211 from the previous year. The decrease is a result of more capital outlay and transfers during fiscal year 2007.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR BUSINESS TYPE FUND ANALYSIS

- The Water Fund cash balance increased by \$150,562 to \$756,504, due primarily to completion of the East Utility Project.
- The Sewer Fund cash balance increased by \$52,411 to \$657,685, due primarily to less costs associated with the Utility project.
- The Solid Waste Fund cash balance decreased by \$3,289 to \$123,247 due primarily to transfers to the General Fund for leaf pickup.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City amended its budget one time. The amendment was approved on May 21, 2007 and resulted in an increase in operating disbursements of \$13,871 related primarily to new capital projects within the city.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2007, the City had approximately \$1,940,000 in bonds and other long-term debt, compared to approximately \$2,610,000 last year, as shown below.

Outstanding Debt at Year-E (Expressed in Thousands				
	·	Jun	e 30	1
		2007		2006
General obligation bonds	\$	485	\$	580
General obligation notes		7 0		480
Revenue bonds		1,385		1,550
Total	\$	1,940	\$	2,610

Debt decreased as a result of scheduled payments made and call of the Osage Manufacturing Note during the fiscal year.

The City continues to carry a general obligation bond rating of A33 assigned by national rating agencies to the City's debt since 1995. The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt cities can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within

the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$555,000 is significantly below its constitutional debt limit of \$6.8 million.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Osage's elected and appointed officials consider many factors when setting the fiscal year budget. Property taxes and fees provide revenue stream necessary to provide services to the citizens of Osage at the level they have come to expect. Budget estimates are made each February to project expenditures and revenues for the next 16 months.

Property tax asking for fiscal year 2008 is \$179,720 less than fiscal year 2007, which is a 17.8% decrease. The decrease reflects reduction in Debt Payments to be made by the City in FY 2008. The Tax Increment Finance District continues to show an increase in property valuations and produces revenues for a variety of improvements and economic development opportunities. Water and Sewer rates are evaluated each summer. Rates were adjusted 2.5% in September 2007.

Projected revenues and expenditures are less for fiscal year 2008 than fiscal year 2007, due in large part to timing of capital projects. The 2006 Street Improvement Project was completed in September 2006, and there were no new capital projects during the summer of 2007. Plans are being prepared for a street paving project to begin in 2008. The Project will cover approximately 15 City blocks and include, concrete paving, curb and gutter and storm sewer work.

Russell Slight was hired as Police Chief in February and 2 new officers, Rick LaGue and Cory Johnson, joined the force in June. The Police Department now has 6 full-time officers. Planning continues for a new facility at the corner of 5th & Main to house the Fire Department and Police Department.

The Cedar River Recreation & Fine Arts Complex Board has seen tremendous progress over the last 12 months. The 13.5 million dollar capital campaign goal was reached and Recreation/Fine Arts building plans continue to be refined. Ground-breaking ceremonies have been held for the Event Center at the Fairgrounds and the School Bus Barn.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Cathy Penney, City Clerk, 806 Main Street, City of Osage, Iowa.

Primary Government Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Activities and Net Assets - Cash Basis

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2007

•	Dis	bursements
Functions / Programs:		
Governmental activities:		
Public safety	\$	439,691
Public works	·	399,694
Culture and recreation		422,427
Community and economic development		368,506
General government		217,936
Debt service		539,631
Capital projects		285,069
Total governmental activities	\$	2,672,954
Business type activities:		
Water	\$	234,453
Sewer		447,538
Solid waste		156,036
Utility Project		-
Total business type activities	\$	838,027
Total	\$	3,510,981

General Receipts:

Property tax levied for:
General purposes
Tax increment financing
Debt service

Local option sales tax

Unrestricted interest on investments

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general receipts and transfers

Change in cash basis net assets

Cash basis net assets beginning of year

Cash basis net assets end of year

Cash Basis Net Assets

Restricted:

Streets

Urban renewal

Debt service

Other purposes

Unrestricted

Total cash basis net assets

		Progra	am Receipts			Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets					
(Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest		Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest			Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total
\$	17,091	\$	4,950	\$	-	\$	(417,650)	6 3	-	\$	(417,650)
	34,205		288,540		-		(76,949)		-		(76,949)
	48,609		68,560		-		(305,258)		•		(305,258)
	650		-				(367,856)		-		(367,856)
	119,387		27,448		-		(71,101)		-		(71,101)
	70,256		-		-		(469,375)		-		(469,375)
\$	290,198	\$	389,498	\$	257,560 257,560	\$	(27,509)	4		\$	(27,509) (1,735,698)
Ф	290,196	-Ф	309,490	Ψ	237,300	ъ	(1,735,698)	\$	-	_Ф	(1,733,096)
\$	358,718	\$	-	\$	· _	\$	-	\$	124,265	\$	124,265
•	523,980	·	21,142		-		_	•	97,584	•	97,584
	162,189		_		-		-		6,153		6,153
					<u>-</u> _				_		
\$	1,044,887	\$	21,142	\$	-	\$	_	\$	228,002	\$	228,002
\$	1,335,085	\$	410,640	\$	257,560	\$	(1,735,698)	\$	228,002	\$\$	(1,507,696)
										d.	004.054
						\$	824,356	\$	-	\$	824,356
							474,680		-		474,680
							191,483 251,215		-		191,483 251,215
							114,168	ĺ	42,296		156,464
							10,168		12,250		10,168
							15,000		(15,000)		,
						\$	1,881,070	\$	27,296	\$	1,908,366
						\$	145,372	\$	255,298	\$	400,670
							2,486,342		1,282,138		3,768,480
					`	\$	2,631,714	\$	1,537,436	\$	4,169,150
						\$	386,230	\$	-	\$	386,230
							384,632		-		384,632
							72,701		534,927		607,628
							11,964		1 000 505		11,964
							1,776,187	-84	1,002,509	- 65	2,778,696
						\$	2,631,714	\$	1,537,436	\$	4,169,150

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2007

				Special
				Road
				Use
		General		Tax
Receipts:		00110121		148
Property tax	\$	589,341	\$	
Tax increment financing collections	*	557,571	Ψ.	_
Other city tax		28,877		_
Licenses and permits		6,424		_
Use of money and property		58,475		_
Intergovernmental		117,440		288,540
Charges for service		51,563		200,010
Special assessments		01,000		_
M-iscellaneous		45,149		_
Total receipts	\$	897,269	\$	288,540
Disbursements:		37.,207		200,010
Operating:				
Public safety	\$	437,380	\$	_
Public works	•	139,613	7	260,081
Culture and recreation		422,427		200,001
Community and economic development		278,756		_
General government		217,936		_
Debt service		_		_
Capital projects		_		_
Total disbursements	\$	1,496,112	\$	260,081
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	\$	(598,843)	\$	28,459
Other financing sources (uses):			-	
Operating transfers in	\$	561,904	\$	_
Operating transfers out		(21,619)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	540,285	\$	-
Net change in cash balances	\$	(58,558)	\$	28,459
Cash balances beginning of year		717,560		357,771
Cash balances end of year	\$	659,002	\$	386,230
				X :
Cash Basis Fund Balances				
Restricted	\$	-	\$	
Reserved:				
Debt service		_		-
Unreserved:				
Géneral fund		659,002		-
Special revenue funds		-		386,230
Capital projects fund		-		· -
Permanent fund		-		-
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	659,002	\$	386,230
				

See notes to financial statements.

	Revenue			Caj	oital Project		Other		····
	Tax				2006	1	Nonm ajor		
1:	ncrem ent		Debt		Street	Go	vernm ental		
F	inancing		Service		Project		Funds		Total
\$	-	\$	191,088	\$	-	\$	205,624	\$	986,053
	474,680		-		-		-		474,680
	-		3 9 4		79.		251,731		281,002
	-		-		-		-		6,424
	19,212		5,759		-		47,385		130,831
	-		-		-		-		405,980
	-		-				11,027		62,590
	-		17,211		257,560		27,609		302,380
	19,324		53,045		-		35,869		153,387
\$	513,216	\$	267,497	\$	257,560	\$	579,245	\$	2,803,327
\$	=	\$	=	\$	_	\$	2,311	\$	439,691
•	_	•	_			,	- ,		399,694
	_		_		_		_		422,427
	_		_		_		89,750		368,506
	_		-		_				217,936
	_		539,631		_		-		539,631
	_		-		208,187		76,882		285,069
\$		\$	539,631	\$	208,187	\$	168,943	\$	2,672,954
\$	513,216	\$	(272,134)	\$	49,373	\$	410,302	\$	130,373
		-	(, - , - , -						
\$	-	\$	227,401	\$	209,536	\$	311,374	\$	1,310,215
	(735,426)						(538,170)		(1,295,215)
\$	(735,426)	\$	227,401	\$	209,536	\$	(226,796)	\$	15,000
\$	(222,210)	\$	(44,733)	\$	258,909	\$	183,506	\$	145,373
	606,842		117,434		(258,909)		945,643		2,486,341
\$	384,632	\$	72,701	\$	-	\$	1,129,149	\$	2,631,714
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,964	\$	11,964
									-
	-		72,701		-		-		72,701
									6 5 0 0 0 0
	204 500		-		-		700 005		659,002
	384,632		-		•		782,225		1,553,087
	-				-		243,141		243,141
- A-	-				-		91,819	-	91,819
\$	384,632	\$	72,701	_\$	w	\$	1,129,149	_\$	2,631,714

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Proprietary Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2007

	Enterprise Funds									
						Solid		Utility		
		Water		Sewer		Waste		Project		Total
Operating receipts:										
Licenses and permits	\$	-	\$	1,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,100
Charges for service		358,718		522,880		162,189		-		1,043,787
Miscellaneous				82		-		_		82
Total operating receipts	\$	358,718	\$	524,062	\$	162,189	\$		\$	1,044,969
Operating disbursements:						~				
Business type activities	\$	234,453	\$	212,863	\$	156,036	\$	-	\$	603,352
Excess (deficiency) of operating receipts										
over (under) operating disbursements	\$	124,265	\$	311,199	\$	6,153	\$	<u> </u>	\$	441,617
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):										
Interest on investments	\$	26,297	\$	31,501	\$	5,558	\$	-	\$	63,356
Debt Service				(234,675)		-		-		(234,675)
Total non-operating receipts										
(disbursements)	\$	26,297	\$	(203,174)	\$	5,558	\$		\$	(171,319)
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under)										
disbursements	\$	150,562	\$	108,025	\$	11,711	\$		\$	270,298
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,614	\$	55,614
Operating transfers out		-		(55,614)		(15,000)		_		(70,614)
Total other financings sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	(55,614)	\$	(15,000)		55,614	\$	(15,000)
Net change in cash balances	\$	150,562	\$	52,411	\$	(3,289)	\$	55,614	\$	255,298
Cash balances beginning of year		605,942		605,274		126,536		(55,614)	_	1,282,138
Cash balances end of year	\$	756,504	\$	657,685	\$	123,247	\$	_	\$	1,537,436
Cash Basis Fund Balances										
Reserved for debt service			\$	401,646	\$	-	\$	-	\$	401,646
Unreserved		756,504		256,039		123,247		-		1,135,790
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	756,504	\$	657,685	\$	123,247	\$	_	\$	1,537,436

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Primary government Financial Statements

June 30, 2007

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Osage is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Mitchell County. It was first incorporated in 1871 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens, including public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, and general government services. The City also provides water and sewer utilities for its citizens.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Osage has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities, except for its component unit, the Osage Municipal Utilities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's primary government financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These primary government financial statements present the City of Osage (the primary government) and exclude the component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City. It has not been included in these primary government financial statements which present the primary government only. Complete financial statements of the individual component unit, which issued separate financial statements as noted below, can be obtained from its respective administrative office.

Component Unit

The Osage Municipal Utilities is a component unit of the City of Osage and is not presented in these primary government financial statements. It is legally separate from the City, but is financially accountable to the City. A five-member board, appointed by the Mayor, governs the Utilities. The Utilities and its operating budget are subject to the approval of the City Council.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no known ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Mitchell County Assessor's Conference Board, Mitchell County Emergency Management Commission, Floyd-Mitchell-Chickasaw County Solid Waste Management Agency, Mitchell County Joint E911 Service Board, and Cedar River Recreation and Fine Arts Complex.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Activities and Net Assets reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's nonfiduciary net assets. Net assets are reported in two categories:

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the preceding category. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management, which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate primary government financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue:

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for road construction and maintenance.

The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for urban renewal projects financed by tax increment financing.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The 2006 Street Project Fund is used to account for the current street project.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment and sanitary sewer system.

The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for garbage collection services to the citizens of Osage.

The Utility Project Fund is used to account for a sewer and water capital project on the east side of the City.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City of Osage maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the primary government financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the primary government financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City of Osage funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general receipts. Thus, when program disbursements are paid, there are both restricted and unrestricted cash basis net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general receipts.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2007, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2007 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2007, the City had the following investments:

Туре	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Maturity
U.S. treasury securities	\$10,288	<u>\$12,645</u>	<u>August 2019</u>

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

(3) Bonds and Notes Payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and notes and revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds			General Obligation Notes			Revenue Bond 1999 Waste Water Treatment			Total			
June 30,		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest
2008	\$	95,000 \$	19,977	\$	20,000	\$	2,568	\$	170,000 \$	62,513	\$	285,000\$	85,058
2009		100,000	16,300		20,000		1,777		180,000	55,202		300,000	73,279
2010		70,000	12,270		20,000		. 988		190,000	47,373		280,000	60,631
2011		80,000	9,435		10,000		197		195,000	39,012		285,000	48,644
2012		85,000	6,075		-		-		205,000	30,237		290,000	36,312
2013-2014		55,000	2,420		-				445,000	31,618		500,000	34,038
Total	\$	485,000 \$	66,477	\$	70,000	\$	5,530	\$	1,385,000 \$	265,955	\$	1,940,000 \$	337,962

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the revenue bonds include the following provisions.

- (a) The bonds will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the bond holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- (b) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to a separate sewer revenue bond sinking account within the Enterprise Funds for the purpose of making the bond principal and interest payments when due.
- (c) Additional monthly transfers of 25% of the amount required in the sewer revenue bond sinking account to a revenue reserve account and \$1,000 to the improvement fund account within the Enterprise Funds shall be made until specific minimum balances have been accumulated. These accounts are restricted for the purpose of paying for any additional improvements, extensions or repairs to the system.

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 5.75% of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the City contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The City's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$50,051, \$50,130, \$49,073 and respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(5) Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for earned vacation and compensatory termination payments payable to employees at June 30, 2007, primarily relating to the General Fund, is as follows:

Type of Benefit	Amount
Vacation Compensatory	\$32,860 5,363
Total	\$38,223

This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2007.

City employees also accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused sick leave hours for subsequent use. However, sick leave time is canceled if an employee leaves his or her employment with the City.

(6) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007 is as follows:

Transfer to	<u>Transfer from</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	Special Revenue: Emergency Levy Local Option Sales Tax Tax Increment Financing Employee Benefits Parks and Recreation Capital Projects: Street Related Enterprise: Solid Waste Permanent: Hallingby Trust	\$ 17,189 88,365 182,690 188,950 12,947 56,760 15,000 $\frac{3}{\$} \frac{3}{561,904}$
Special Revenue: Commercial Loan Project	Special Revenue: Tax Increment Financing	\$ 19,324
Capital Improvement Revolving	General	\$ 4,000
Library Building and Equipment	General	\$ 17,419
Jaws of Life	General	\$ 200
Debt Service	Special Revenue: Local Option Sales Tax Tax Increment Financing	\$ 25,122 202,279 \$ 227,401
Capital Projects 2006 Street Project	Special Revenue: Tax Increment Financing Capital Projects: Street Related	\$ 186,310 23,226
Street Related	Special Revenue: Local Option Sales Tax Tax Increment Financing	\$ 209,536 \$ 125,608
Enterprise: Utility Project	Enterprise: Sewer	\$ 55,614
Total		\$ 1,365,829

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

(7) Related Party Transactions

The City had business transactions between the City and City officials totaling \$5,717 during the year ended June 30, 2007.

(8) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(9) Component Units

Osage Municipal Utilities is a component unit of the City of Osage. It is not included in this report. Following are the transactions between the City and the Utilities:

City paid to Utilities:	
Utilities	\$ 90,884
Billing services (bookkeeping)	18,000
Phone and internet	7,611
Miscellaneous	3,048
Total	<u>\$ 119,543</u>
	÷
Utilities paid to City:	
Collections for water, sewer, and garbage	\$1,035,386
Donations in lieu of taxes	76,143
Bond principal and interest	53,045
Cable franchise fee	18,549
Miscellaneous	2,051
Total	<u>\$1,185,174</u>

(10) Floyd-Mitchell-Chickasaw Solid Waste Management Agency

The City, in conjunction with fourteen other municipalities, has created the Floyd-Mitchell-Chickasaw Solid Waste Management Agency. The Agency was established for the primary purpose of providing for the collection and disposal of solid waste produced or generated by each participant. On dissolution of the corporation, the net assets of the Agency will be prorated among the municipalities. The Agency is governed by a board composed of an elected representative of the governing body of each participating governmental jurisdiction.

The Agency may not be accumulating sufficient financial resources and the participating governments are obligated for a proportionate share of the debt, therefore, the City of Osage may have an ongoing financial responsibility. The City is also obligated to remit a share of the operating and administration costs. During the year ended June 30, 2007, the City of Osage paid McNealy's Sanitation \$153,178. The sanitation company is then responsible for paying all landfill fees for the City's share of the cost. Completed financial statements for the Agency can be obtained from the Floyd-Mitchell-Chickasaw Solid Waste Management Agency.

(11) Economic Development

The City provided funds to Osage Manufacturing, Inc. (OMI), under the provisions of Chapter 15A of the Code of Iowa in the form of a loan with no interest, payable at \$556 per month for July, August and September and \$741 per month for October thru June. The balance owed to the City at June 30, 2007 by OMI was \$126,665. The City provided funds to A to Z Drying, Inc. under the provisions of Chapter 15A of the Code of Iowa in the form of a loan with 1% interest payable at \$1,401 per month. The balance owed to the City at June 30, 2007 by A to Z Drying, Inc. was \$112,311.

The City also provided funds to small businesses along Main Street during fiscal years 2003-2007, under provisions of Chapter 15A of the Code of Iowa in the form of fifteen loans with no interest. The balance of the loans at June 30, 2007 is \$88,976, and payments are to be made on January $10^{\rm th}$ for the first four years in the amount of one tenth of the original issue. A balloon payment for the remaining balance is due on January $1^{\rm st}$ of the fifth year.

In addition, the City has also provided funds to a small business outside the Tax Increment Financing District under provisions of Chapter 15A of the Code of Iowa in the form of a loan with no interest. The balance of this loan at June 30, 2007 was \$116,950 and payments are handled in the same manner as the Main Street Loans mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

(12) Retiree Insurance

City employees who retire before the age of 65 continue to be eligible to participate in the City's health insurance plan. However, these retirees are required to reimburse the City 100% of the premiums.

(13) Housing Revenue Bonds

The City has previously issued \$1,600,000 of housing revenue bonds under the provisions of Chapter 419 of the Code of Iowa of which \$1,201,576 is outstanding at June 30, 2007. The bonds and related interest are payable solely from the rents payable by tenants of the property constructed, and the bond principal and interest do not constitute liabilities of the City. The bonds were issued for the benefit of Martin Luther Homes, Inc., Evergreen Senior Housing.

(14) Leases

The City leases property to others under a three year operating lease requiring fixed monthly payments of \$400 beginning July 1, 2000. The lease is renewable for up to 6 three-year contracts. At June 30, 2006, the lease had been automatically renewed for 3 years at the rate of \$461 per month.

Year ending June 30, 2007:

2008	5,532
2009	<u>5,532</u>
Total	\$11,064

The Osage Public Library leases approximately 1,000 square feet of space to North Iowa Area Community College (NIACC) under a two-year renewable lease. The City of Osage will receive a payment of \$4,000 in 2007.

The City leases tower space to U.S. Cellular and Osage Municipal Utilities under five-year renewable leases. The City receives lease payments of \$1,200 annually from U.S. Cellular and received \$1600 from Osage Municipal Utilities due to an additional \$100 lease payment per month starting in March 2007. Payments in future years will total \$2,400 annually from OMU. Also, the City entered into a lease of property from Mayer's Digging Company. The City pays \$1 per year for the property.

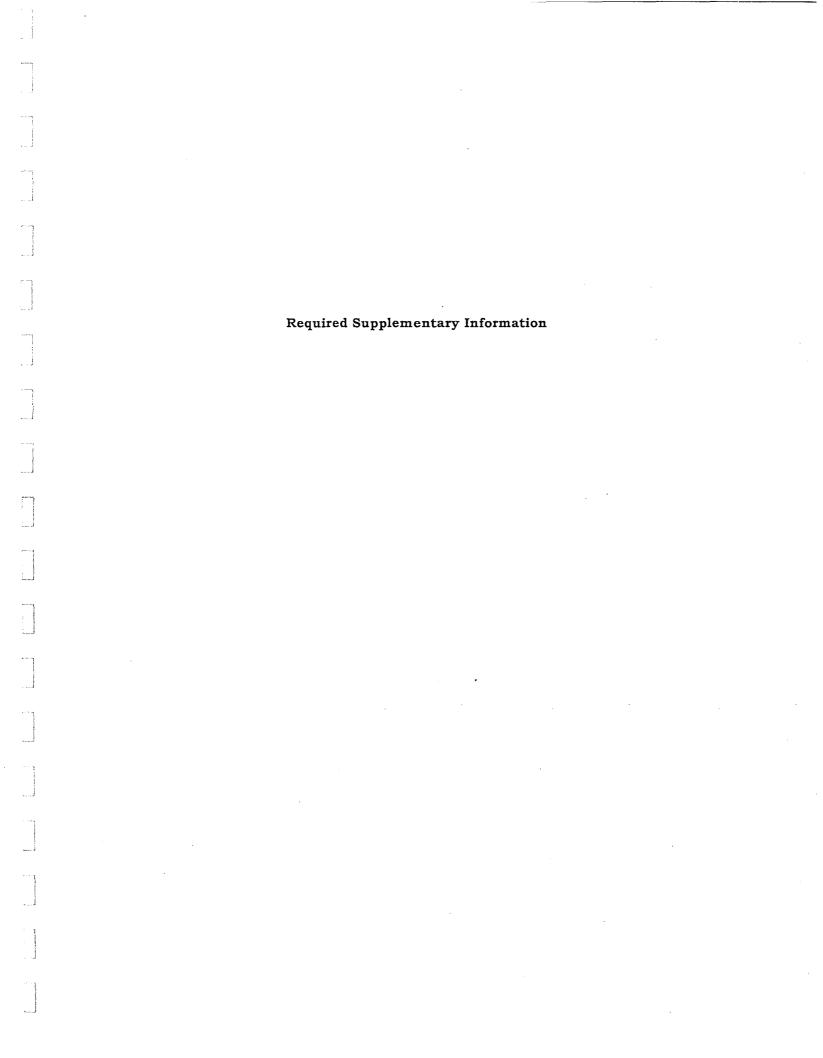
(15) Commitments

As of June 30, 2007, the City had the following commitment with respect to the following project:

	naining <u>nmitment</u>	Expected Date of Completion
Cemetery mowing contract	\$ 21,250	December 31, 2007

(16) USDA Loan Guarantee

On June 9, 2000, the Osage Community Daycare received \$200,000 in note proceeds under United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Notes. The proceeds were received from two separate \$100,000 notes. The notes are not a general obligation of the City but are payable solely and only from pledges of private funds to be donated to the Osage Community Daycare. The notes bear interest at 5.00% and 4.75% per year, respectively. Interest and principal is paid monthly beginning on July 9, 2002 and each month thereafter until maturity. Monthly interest and principal payments of \$491 and \$475, respectively, are due until maturity on May 9, 2040. The City has guaranteed to pay from its General Fund, up to \$200,000 of the principal amount if revenues from the Osage Community Daycare are not sufficient to make such payment. The Osage Community Daycare has paid the June 9, 2007 principal and interest payment.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) – All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental Funds Actual		Proprietary Funds Actual		Less Funds not Required to be Budgeted	
Receipts:						
Property tax	\$	986,053	\$	-	\$	-
Tax increment financing collections		474,680		-		-
Other city tax		281,002		-		-
Licenses and permits		6,424		L,100		-
Use of money and property		130,831	63	3,356		3
Intergovernmental		405,980				-
Charges for service		62,590	1,043	3,787		-
Special assessments		302,380		-		-
Miscellaneous		153,387		82		3,135
Total receipts		2,803,327	\$1,108	3,325	\$	3,138
Disbursements:						
Public safety	\$	439,691	\$	-	\$	-
Public works		399,694		-		-
Culture and recreation		422,427		-		-
Community and economic development		368,506		-		-
General government		217,936		-		-
Debt service		539,631		-		-
Capital projects		285,069		-		-
Business type activities		<u> </u>	83	3,027		
Total disbursements	\$	2,672,954	\$ 83	3,027	\$	_
Excess (deficiency) of receipts						
over (under) disbursements	\$	130,373	\$ 27	0,298	\$	3,138
Other financing sources (uses), net		15,000	(1	5,000)		-
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over (under) disbursements						
and other financing uses	\$	145,373	\$ 25	5,298	\$	3,138
Balances beginning of year		2,486,341	1,28	2,138		88,692
Balances end of year	\$	2,631,714	\$ 1,53	7,436	\$	91,830

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

	Net	Budgetec Original			Amounts Final			Final to Net Variance		
\$	986,053 474,680	\$	985,355 445,812		\$	985,355 476,600	\$	3	698 (1,920)	
	281,002		227,810			278,510			2,492	
	7,524		6,350			6,350			1,174	
	194,184		122,155			183,305			10,879	
	405,980		404,458			404,458			1,522	
	1,106,377		1,093,758			1,081,758			24,619	
	302,380		247,065			302,492			(112)	
	150,334		129,860			130,683			19,651	
\$	3,908,514	\$	3,662,623	-	\$	3,849,511	\$	3	59,003	
				,						
\$	439,691	\$	486,943		\$	511,943	\$	3	72,252	
	399,694		450,316			468,316			68,622	
	422,427		452,422			466,422			43,995	
	368,506		103,750			399,250			30,744	
	217,936		220,242			246,108			28,172	
	539,631		429,758			540,263			632	
	285,069		821,000			369,000			83,931	
-	838,027		1,022,569	_		999,569			161,542	
_\$	3,510,981	\$	3,987,000	_	\$	4,000,871	_\$	3	489,890	
\$	397,533	\$	(324,377)		\$	(151,360)	\$	3	548,893	
		•	151,812	_		25,812			(25,812)	
. \$	397,533	\$	(172,565)		\$	(125,548)	\$	8	523,081	
. —	3,679,787	_	3,739,187	_		3,679,797	_		(10)	
\$	4,077,320	_\$	3,566,622	=	\$	3,554,249	\$	b	523,071	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting

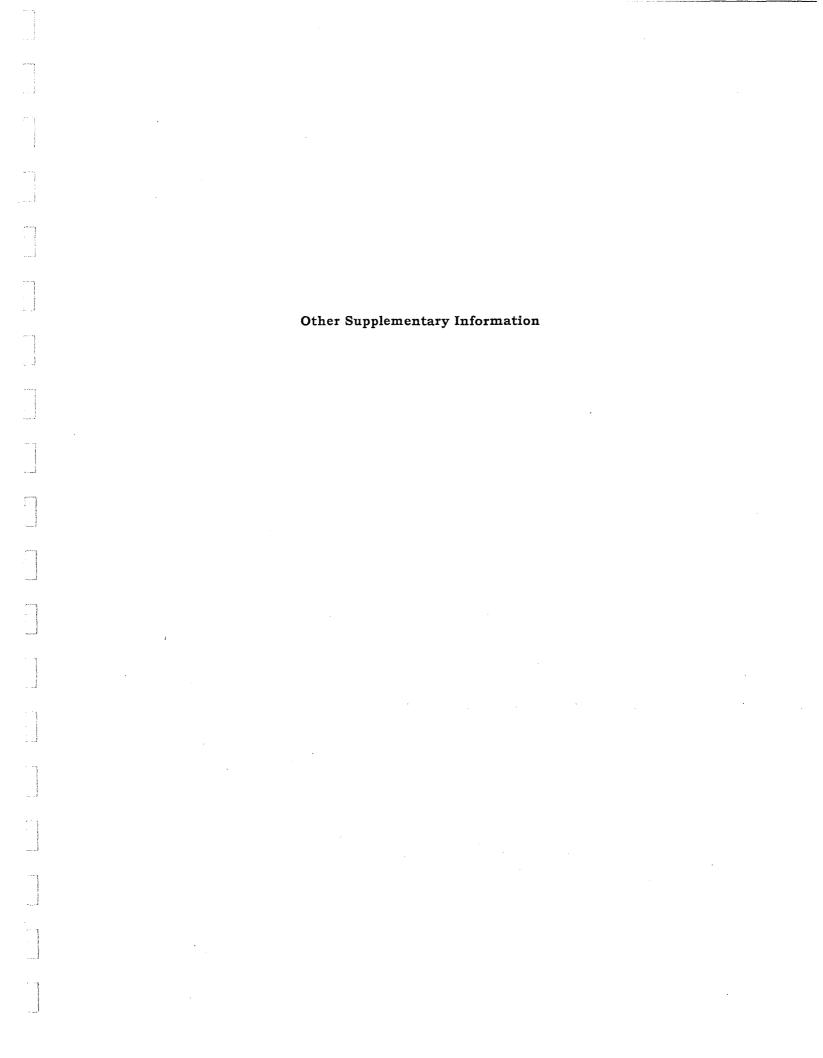
June 30, 2007

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Internal Service Funds and Fiduciary Funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These ten functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, business type activities and non-program. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds and Proprietary Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$13,871 and budgeted receipts by \$186,888. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the year ended June 30, 2007, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted.



City of Osage

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2007

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		.,		
							;	Special
	Local Option Sales Tax		orfeited roperty	Employee Benefits	E	mergency Levy	-	Jaws of Life
Receipts:								
Property tax	\$ -	\$	_	\$ 188,478	\$	17,146	\$	_
Other city tax	251,216	Ψ		Ψ 100,170 472	. Ψ	43	Ψ	_
Use of money and property	8,514		492	,,,,		10		408
Intergovernmental	0,514		+32			_		700
Charges for service	_		_			_		_
Special assessments	_		_	_		_		_
Miscellaneous	_		3,219	_				400
Total receipts	\$ 259,730	\$	3,711	\$ 188,950	- \$	17,189	\$	808
rotal receipts	\$ 239,730	Ψ	3,711	\$ 100,900	<u> </u>	17,109	Ψ	
Disbursements:								
Operating:								
Public safety	\$ -	\$	437	\$ -	\$	-	\$	316
Community and economic development	-		-	-		-		-
Capital projects					_	_		_
Total disbursements	\$ -	\$	437	\$ -	\$	-	\$	316
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	\$ 259,730	\$	3,274	\$ 188,950	\$	17,189	\$	492
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$	200
Operating transfers out	(239,095)	•	-	(188,950		(17,189)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (239,095)	\$		\$ (188,950			\$	200
Net change in cash balances	\$ 20,635	\$	3,274	\$ -	\$	-	\$	692
Cash balances beginning of year	177,529		8,690					8,580
Cash balances end of year	\$ 198,164	\$	11,964	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,272
						• .		
Cash Basis Fund Balances	<u>.</u>	.4.						
Restricted	\$ -	\$	11,964	\$ -	. \$	-	\$	-
Unreserved:								
Special revenue funds	198,164		-	•	•	-		9,272
Capital project fund	-		-	-	•	-		-
Permanent fund			-	<u> </u>	·			
Total cash basis fund balances	\$ 198,164	\$. 11,964	\$	· \$ = · ==	-	\$	9,272

		·				Capital											
			anent	Perma		rojects										enue	Rev
				·								Library					
		borg	Inge	metery						Capital		Building				Parks	
		ingby		rpetual		Street				rovement	-	uipment		mmercial	Co	and	
Total		norial	Mem	Care		Related		DARE	I	evolving	Re	laterials	N	Loan		creation	Re
205,624	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$
251,731		-		_		-		_		_		-		-		_	
47,385		3		-		11,078		263		11,411		9,710		4,052		1,454	
_		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
11,027		-		-		-		-		-				-		11,027	
27,609		-		-		27,609		_		-		-		-		-	
35,869		-		3,135				1,909		-		11,738		6,300		9,168	
579,245	\$	3	\$	3,135	\$	38,687	\$	2,172	\$	11,411	\$	21,448	\$	10,352	_\$	21,649	\$
2,311	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,558	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$
89,750		-		_		-		-		_		-		89,750		_	
76,882				_		76,882		-		-		-		-		-	
168,943	\$	-	\$		\$	76,882	\$	1,558	\$	-	\$		\$	89,750	\$	-	\$
				·			_										
410,302	\$	3	\$	3,135	\$	(38,195)	\$	614	\$	11,411	\$	21,448	\$	(79,398)	\$	21,649	\$
								* *				1.5					
311,374	\$	_	\$	_	. \$	270,432	\$	_	\$	4,000	\$	17,419	\$	19,323	\$	_	\$
(538, 170)	Ψ	(3)	Ψ	_	. Ψ	(79,986)	*	_	*	-,,000	Ψ		₩		4	(12,947)	Ψ.
(226,796)	\$	(3)	\$		\$	190,446	\$		\$	4,000	\$	17,419	\$	19,323	\$	(12,947)	\$
(===,,,,,,,,)		(-/			- -		_			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						(,>)	
183,506	\$	-	\$	3,135	\$	152,251	\$	614	\$	15,411	\$	38,867	\$	(60,075)	\$	8,702	\$
945,643		300		88,384		90,890		5,207		326,364		99,477		103,858		36,364	
																	
1,129,149	\$	300	\$	91,519	\$	243,141	\$	5,821	\$	341,775	\$	138,344	\$	43,783	\$	45,066	\$
11,964	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$
11,501	₩		~		**		4		*		*	-	₩		Ψ	-	Ψ
782,225		-		_		-		5,821		341,775		138,344		43,783		45,066	
243,141		-		-		243,141		_		-		-		-		-	
91,819		300		91,519		-	_	_						-	_	-	
1,129,149	\$	300	\$	91,519	\$	243,141	\$	5,821	\$	341,775	\$	138,344	\$	43,783	\$	45,066	\$

Schedule of Indebtedness

Year ended June 30, 2007

	Date of	Interest		Amount Originally	
Obligation	Issue	Rates	Issued		
General obligation bonds:					
1999 Street Improvement	06/01/99	3.70-4.45%	\$	605,000	
2002 Street Improvement and Telecom	07/01/02	2.35-4.40%		630,000	
Total					
General obligation notes:					
2003 Refunding Capital	11/05/03	1.50%	\$	845,000	
2003 G.O. Capital Loan	12/09/03	3.95%		140,000	
Osage Manufacturing	12/01/96	6.625-7.10%		475,000	
Total					
Revenue bond:					
1999 Waste Water Treatment	06/01/99	3.70-4.70%	\$	2,480,000	

Schedule 2

	Balance	Iss	ued	R	edeemed		Balance			Int	erest
1	Beginning During		During E1			End of	of Interest			e and	
	of Year	Ye	ar	W	Year		Year		Paid	Un	paid
\$	90,000	\$	-	\$	30,000 65,000	\$	60,000 425,000	\$	3,915 19,547	\$	-
\$	580,000	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	95,000	\$	485,000	\$	23,462	\$	-
\$	220,000 90,000	\$	-	\$	220,000	\$	- 70,000	\$	4,950 3,358	\$	-
	170,000				170,000			 «	999		
\$	480,000	\$	-	\$	410,000	\$	70,000	\$	9,307	\$	
\$	1,550,000	\$	-	\$	165,000	\$	1,385,000	\$	69,525	\$	-

Bond and Note Maturities

June 30, 2007

	•	General O	bligation Bond:	S			
		Street ovement					
Year	Issued J	une 1, 1999	Issued Ju	ly 1, 2002			
Ending	Interest		Interest				
June 30,	Rates	Amount	Rates	Amount	Total		
2008	4.35%	30,000	3.65%	65,000	95,000		
2009	4.45%	30,000	3.85%	70,000	100,000		
2010		-	4.05%	70,000	70,000		
2011		-	4.20%	80,000	80,000		
2012		-	4.30%	85,000	85,000		
2013		_	4.40%	55,000	55,000		
Total		\$ 60,000		\$ 425,000	\$ 485,000		

	General Obligation Notes							
	2003 G.O	. Capital Loan	1					
Year	Issued	Dec 9, 2003						
Ending	Interest							
June 30,	Rates	Amou	nt					
2008	3.95%	20,0	00					
2009	3.95%	20,0	00					
2010	3.95%	20,0	00					
2011	3.95%	10,0	00					
Total		\$ 70,0	00					

	Re	venue Bond
	1999 Waste	Water Treatment
Year	Issued .	June 1, 1999
Ending	Interest	
June 30,	Rates	Amount
2008	4.30%	170,000
2009	4.35%	180,000
2010	4.40%	190,000
2011	4.50%	195,000
2012	4.60%	205,000
2013	4.65%	215,000
2014	4.70%	230,000
Total		\$ 1,385,000

Schedule of Receipts By Source and Disbursements By Function - All Governmental Funds

For the Last Four Fiscal Years

	2007		2006		2005		 2004
Receipts:							
Property tax	\$	986,053	\$	948,134	\$	924,410	\$ 929,385
Tax increment financing collections		474,680		433,742		400,831	372,459
Other city tax		281,002		245,649		222,034	235,857
Licenses and permits		6,424		6,245		7,033	7,100
Use of money and property		130,831		111,443		61,027	37,216
Intergovernmental		405,980		432,009		645,194	450,225
Charges for service		62,590		62,099		50,849	61,464
Special assessments		302,380		60,104		198,032	95,373
Miscellaneous		153,387		182,660		191,797	 203,630
Total	\$	2,803,327	\$	2,482,085	\$	2,701,207	\$ 2,392,709
Disbursements:					,		
Operating:							
Public safety	\$	439,691	\$	451,189	\$	414,667	\$ 422,064
Public works		399,694		351,946		356,906	458,405
Culture and recreation		422,427		413,221		413,562	380,765
Community and economic development		368,506		125,515		100,988	452,292
General government		217,936		257,076		209,121	190,628
Debt service		539,631		431,218		462,534	1,447,522
Capital projects		285,069		580,557		193,032	 404,607
Total .	\$	2,672,954	\$	2,610,722	\$	2,150,810	\$ 3,756,283

L LINES MURPHY & COMPANY, P.L.C.

Certified Public Accountant 625 Main St. Osage, IA 50461-1307

Ph. 641-732-5841 Fax 641-732-5193

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying primary government financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Osage, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's primary government financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2007. Our report expressed an unqualified opinion on the primary government financial statements which were prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Osage's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the primary government financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Osage's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Osage's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies and other deficiencies we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Osage's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with an other comprehensive basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of the City of Osage's primary government financial statements that is more that inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Osage's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood a material misstatement of the primary government financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Osage's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we believe item II-A-07 is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Osage's primary government financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of primary government financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part III of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2007 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the primary government financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of the City of Osage and other parties to whom the City of Osage may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Osage during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Lines Murphy & Company, P. L. C.

Certified Public Accountants

Osage, Iowa

December 10, 2007

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2007

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results:

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the primary government financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.
- (b) Reportable conditions in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the primary government financial statements, including a material weakness.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the primary government financial statements.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2007

Part II: Findings Related to the Primary Government Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

II-A-07 <u>Segregation of Duties</u> – One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. The cash receipts listing, bank deposits and the posting of the cash receipts to the cash receipts journal are all done by the same person.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, the City should review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will consider this.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response acknowledged. The City should segregate duties to the extent possible with existing personnel and utilize administrative personnel to provide additional control through review of financial transactions and reports.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2007

Part III: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:

- III-A-07 <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2007 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- III-B-07 <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> No disbursements that we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- III-C-07 <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- III-D-07 <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title, and Business Connection	Transaction Description	 Amount
Steven Cooper, Mayor, owner of Cooper Chrysler	Auto Repairs	\$ 1,253
Brian Adams, Council Member, Brother is owner of Adams Plumbing and Heating.	Maintenance and small items	3,338
Cathy Penney, City Clerk, wife of Mark Penney, contractor.	Lawn work	119
Cathy Penney, City Clerk, mother of Scott Penney, contractor.	Lawn work	245
Don Breon, Council Member.	Performed CPR training course for pool employees, Umpired Little League games	706
John Michels, Park Commissioner.	Umpired Little League games	56

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(10) of the Code of Iowa, the second amount appears to represent a conflict of interest. The amount is over \$1,500 and bids were not taken. The rest of the transactions do not appear to represent a conflict of interest since the amounts were less than \$1,500.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should consult legal counsel to determine the disposition of this matter.

<u>Response</u> – The City will contact legal counsel.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2007

III-E-07	<u>Bond Coverage</u> – Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
III-F-07	<u>Council Minutes</u> – No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.
III-G-07	<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy was noted.
III-H-07	Revenue Bonds and Notes - The City has complied with the revenue bond and note resolutions.
III-I-07	<u>Financial Condition</u> – There were no funds which had deficit balances at June 30, 2007.